

Racket Programming Assignment #2: Racket Functions and Recursion

Learning Abstract: We have seven tasks with commands and limitations in this racket assignment. For our first work, we had to design a home and a row of houses to assist me in doing so. I examined and applied the majority of the code we learnt in lesson 2 for producing a checkerboard. I used what we learned in lesson 3 with the flip coin to produce a roll dice for the second job. Task three was unquestionably the most difficult of them all. I used what we learned in lesson 3 with the tiles to assist produce the first dots for the fourth task. For the stella form, I took the stella square code as a guide but changed it to a circular shape. For the remainder of the work, we utilized the code provided to us to produce them and modified them. Finally, I utilized the function overlay/xy to make a Mario head for my creation.

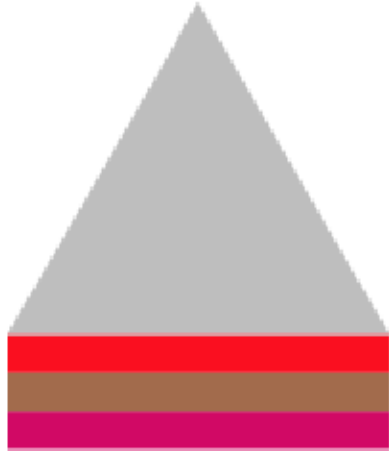
Task 1: Colorful Permutations of Tract Houses

Demo for house:

Welcome to [DrRacket](#), version 8.6 [cs].

Language: racket, with debugging; memory limit: 128 MB.

```
> ( house 400 40 )
```



```
> ( house 200 200)
```



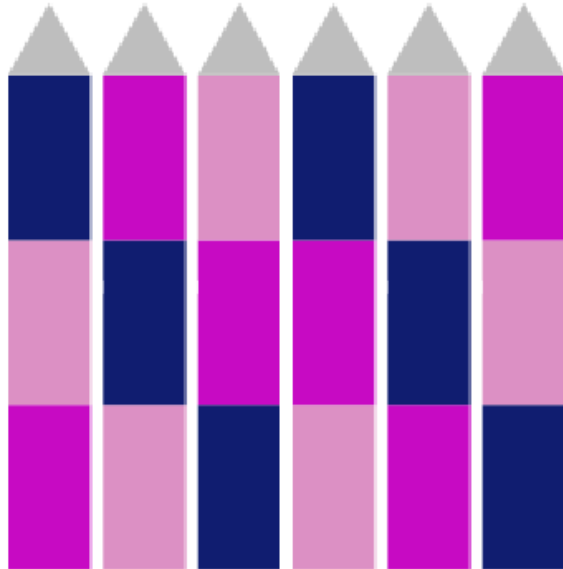
```
>
```

Demo for tract:

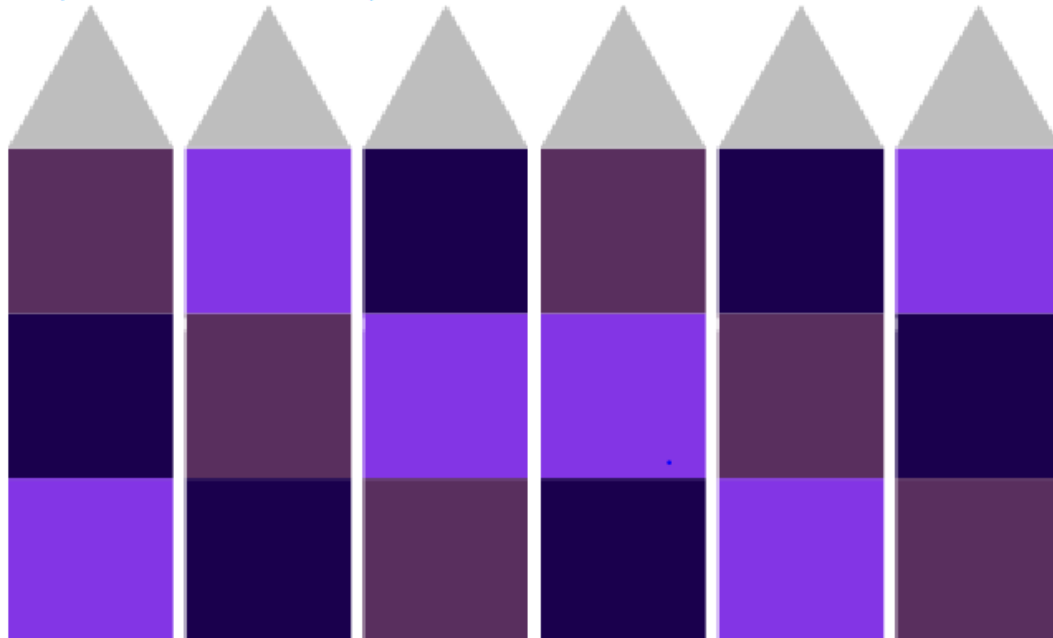
Welcome to [DrRacket](#), version 8.6 [cs].

Language: racket, with debugging; memory limit: 128 MB.

```
> ( tract 100 200 )
```



```
> ( tract 200 200 )
```



```
>
```

The code for house and tract:

```
#lang racket
```

```
; Assignment #2
```

```
; 1. Required to make basic images
```

```
; 2. Generating random colors
```

```
; 3. Defining house floor
```

```
; 4. Defining width, and height of house. Defining all three floors and roof. Then putting it all together
```

```
; 5. Defining new six houses to make tract
```

```
; 1.
```

```
( require 2htdp/image )
```

```
; 2.
```

```
( define ( random-color ) ( color ( rgb-value ) ( rgb-value ) ( rgb-value ) ) )
```

```
( define ( rgb-value ) ( random 256 ) )
```

```
; 3.
```

```
( define ( floor sidel side2 )
```

```
( rectangle sidel side2 "solid" ( random-color ) )
```

```
)
```

```
; 4.
```

```
( define ( house sidel side2 )
```

```
( define sidel-of-house ( / sidel 3 ) )
```

```
( define side2-of-house ( / side2 3 ) )
```

```
( define floor1 ( floor sidel-of-house side2-of-house ) )
```

```
( define floor2 ( floor sidel-of-house side2-of-house ) )
```

```
( define floor3 ( floor sidel-of-house side2-of-house ) )
```

```
( define roof ( triangle sidel-of-house "solid" "grey" ) )
```

```
( define house1 ( above roof floor1 floor2 floor3 ) )
```

```
house1
```

```
)
```

```
; 5.
```

```
( define ( tract sidel side2 )
```

```
( define sidel-of-house ( / sidel 3 ) )
```

```
( define side2-of-house ( / side2 3 ) )
```

```
( define floor1 ( floor sidel-of-house side2-of-house ) )
```

```
( define floor2 ( floor sidel-of-house side2-of-house ) )
```

```
( define floor3 ( floor sidel-of-house side2-of-house ) )
```

```
( define roof ( triangle sidel-of-house "solid" "grey" ) )
```

```
( define houseA ( above roof floor1 floor2 floor3 ) )
```

```
( define houseB ( above roof floor3 floor1 floor2 ) )
```

```
( define houseC ( above roof floor2 floor3 floor1 ) )
```

```
( define houseD ( above roof floor1 floor3 floor2 ) )
```

```
( define houseE ( above roof floor2 floor1 floor3 ) )
```

```
( define houseF ( above roof floor3 floor2 floor1 ) )
```

```
( define block ( square 5 "solid" "white" ) )
```

```
( define tract1 ( beside houseA block houseB block houseC block houseD block houseE block houseF ) )
```

```
tract1
```

```
)
```

Task 2: Dice

Demo for Dice:

Welcome to [DrRacket](#), version 8.6 [cs].

Language: racket, with debugging; memory limit: 128 MB.

```
> ( roll-die )
2
> ( roll-die )
2
> ( roll-die )
1
> ( roll-die )
3
> ( roll-die )
4
> ( roll-for-1 )
5 2 5 1
> ( roll-for-1 )
4 1
> ( roll-for-1 )
3 1
> ( roll-for-1 )
4 2 1
> ( roll-for-1 )
5 4 0 3 3 3 5 1
```

```

> ( roll-for-11 )
5 2 3 5 2 2 4 1 2 3 3 0 1 1
> ( roll-for-11 )
0 1 0 4 5 0 3 0 4 3 2 2 4 4 5 2 2 4 1 1
> ( roll-for-11 )
2 4 2 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 4 3 5 2 0 1 5 3 3 3 4 1 1
> ( roll-for-11 )
5 2 5 4 4 2 5 1 0 1 0 3 3 0 4 0 2 3 5 4 1 0 3 3 4 4 0 5 1 4 2
0 4 3 3 4 5 4 4 5 5 5 0 4 5 2 2 2 2 0 4 4 2 5 1 4 3 2 1 1
> ( roll-for-11 )
2 1 1
> ( roll-for-odd-even-odd )
5 4 4 3 5 2 3
> ( roll-for-odd-even-odd )
2 0 1 3 3 5 5 2 2 2 4 3 3 3 4 1
> ( roll-for-odd-even-odd )
3 3 1 1 1 0 0 0 3 4 3
> ( roll-for-odd-even-odd )
0 5 5 1 1 0 1
> ( roll-for-odd-even-odd )
5 0 2 4 4 0 1 3 1 2 4 3 5 5 4 5
> ( roll-two-dice-for-a-lucky-pair )
( 3 0 ) ( 0 4 ) ( 0 4 ) ( 1 3 ) ( 0 1 ) ( 0 2 ) ( 2 3 ) ( 0 2
2 ) ( 2 1 ) ( 0 3 ) ( 0 0 ) #t
> ( roll-two-dice-for-a-lucky-pair )
( 4 4 ) #t
> ( roll-two-dice-for-a-lucky-pair )
( 2 5 ) #t
> ( roll-two-dice-for-a-lucky-pair )
( 3 5 ) ( 5 1 ) ( 3 1 ) ( 0 3 ) ( 5 0 ) ( 3 3 ) #t
> ( roll-two-dice-for-a-lucky-pair )
( 3 5 ) ( 3 5 ) ( 1 3 ) ( 4 4 ) #t
>

```

The code for dice:

```
#lang racket

;1. Simulates the roll of a standard die
;2. Simulates the roll of a standard die until a 1 turns up
;3. Simulates the roll of a standard die until two consecutive 1s turn up
;4. simulates the roll of a standard die until consecutive values
;which are odd then even then odd turn up
;5.simulates the roll of two standard dice until
;either the sum of seven, the sum of eleven, or a double turns up

;1.
( define ( roll-die ) ( random 6 ) )

;2.
( define ( roll-for-1 )
  ( define outcome ( roll-die ) )
  ( display outcome ) ( display " " )
  ( cond
    ( ( not ( eq? outcome 1 ) )
      ( roll-for-1 )
    )
  )
)
```

;3.

```
( define ( roll-for-11 )  
  ( roll-for-1 )  
  ( define outcome ( roll-die ) )  
  ( display outcome ) ( display " " )  
  ( cond  
    ( ( not ( eq? outcome 1 ) )  
      ( roll-for-11 )  
    )  
  )  
)
```

;4.

```
( define ( roll-for-roll )  
  ( define outcome ( roll-die ) )  
  ( display outcome ) ( display " " )  
  ( cond  
    ( ( odd? outcome )  
      ( roll-for-roll )  
    )  
  )  
)
```

```
( define ( roll-for-odd-even-odd )  
  ( define outcome ( roll-die ) )  
  ( display outcome ) ( display " " )  
  ( cond  
    ( ( even? outcome )  
      ( roll-for-odd-even-odd ) )  
    ( else  
      ( cond  
        ( ( roll-for-roll )  
          ( define outcome ( roll-die ) )  
          ( display outcome ) ( display " " )  
          ( cond  
            ( ( even? outcome )  
              ( roll-for-odd-even-odd )  
            )  
          )  
        )  
      )  
    )  
  )  
)
```


;5.

```
( define ( roll-two-dice-for-a-lucky-pair )  
  ( define outcome1 ( roll-die ) )  
  ( define outcome2 ( roll-die ) )  
  ( display "( " ) ( display outcome1 ) ( display " " )  
  ( display outcome2 ) ( display " ) " )  
  ( cond  
    ( ( eq? outcome1 outcome2 ) )  
    ( else  
      ( cond  
        ( ( eq? ( + outcome1 outcome2 ) 7 ) )  
        ( else  
          ( cond  
            ( ( eq? ( + outcome1 outcome2 ) 11 ) )  
            ( else  
              ( cond  
                (( roll-two-dice-for-a-lucky-pair )))  
              ) ) )  
          ) ) )  
      ) ) )  
  )  
)
```

Task 3: Number Sequences:

Demo for Number Sequences:

Welcome to [DrRacket](#), version 8.6 [cs].

Language: racket, with debugging; memory limit: 128 MB.

```
> ( square 5 )
25
> ( square 10 )
100
> ( sequence square 15 )
1 4 9 16 25 36 49 64 81 100 121 144 169 196 225
> ( cube 2 )
8
> ( cube 3 )
27
> ( sequence cube 15 )
1 8 27 64 125 216 343 512 729 1000 1331 1728 2197 2744 3375
> ( triangular 1 )
1
> ( triangular 2 )
3
> ( triangular 3 )
6
> ( triangular 4 )
10
> ( triangular 5 )
15
> ( sequence triangular 20 )
1 3 6 10 15 21 28 36 45 55 66 78 91 105 120 136 153 171 190 210
> ( sigma 1 )
1
> ( sigma 2 )
3
> ( sigma 3 )
4
> ( sigma 4 )
7
> ( sigma 5 )
6
> ( sequence sigma 20 )
1 3 4 7 6 12 8 15 13 18 12 28 14 24 24 31 18 39 20 42
```

The code for Number Sequences:

```
( define ( square n )  
  (* n n)  
)
```

```
( define ( cube n )  
  (* n n n)  
)
```

```
( define ( sequence name n )  
  ( cond  
    (= n 1)  
    ( display ( name 1 ) ) ( display " " )  
  )  
  ( else  
    ( sequence name ( - n 1 ) )  
    ( display ( name n ) ) ( display " " )  
  )  
)  
)
```

```
( define ( triangular n )  
  ( / ( * n ( + n 1 ) ) 2 )  
)
```

```
(define ( sigma n )  
  ( sigma-number n n )  
)
```

```
( define ( sigma-number m n )  
  ( cond  
    ( ( = n 1 ) 1)  
    ( else  
      ( cond  
        ( ( = ( remainder m n ) 0 )  
          ( + ( sigma-number m ( - n 1 ) ) n ) )  
        ( else  
          ( sigma-number m ( - n 1 ) )  
        )  
      )  
    )  
  )  
)
```

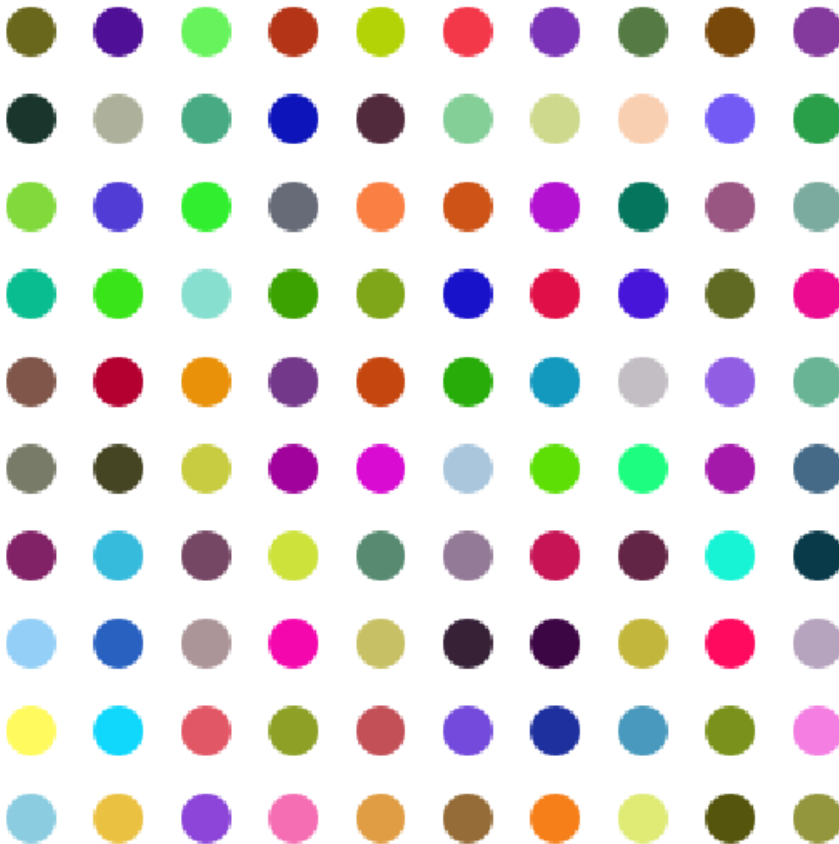
Task 4: Hirst Dots

Demo of Hirst Dots:

Welcome to [DrRacket](#), version 8.6 [cs].

Language: racket, with debugging; memory limit: 128 MB.

```
> ( hirst-dots 10 dot )
```



```
> ( hirst-dots 4 dot )
```



1

The code for Hirst Dots:

```
#lang racket

;1. Generate a random rgb-value for dot type.
;2. Generate a row of dots of specified length and type
;3. Generate a rectangle of dots of specified row count,
;column count, and dot type
;4. Generate a square of dots of specified side length and dot type

;1.
(require 2htdp/image)

( define ( random-color ) ( color ( rgb-value ) ( rgb-value ) ( rgb-value ) ) )
( define ( rgb-value ) ( random 256 ) )

( define ( dot ) ( circle 10 "solid" ( random-color ) ) )

( define block ( square 15 "solid" "white" ) )

;2.
( define ( row-of-dots n dot )
  ( cond
    ((= n 0)
     empty-image
    )
    ((> n 0)
     ( beside ( row-of-dots ( - n 1 ) dot ) block ( dot ) )
    )
  )
)

;3.
( define ( rectangle-of-dots r c dot )
  ( cond
    ((= r 0)
     empty-image
    )
    ((> r 0)
     ( above
       ( rectangle-of-dots ( - r 1 ) c dot ) block ( row-of-dots c dot ) )
    )
  )
)

;4.
( define ( hirst-dots n dot )
  ( rectangle-of-dots n n dot )
)
```

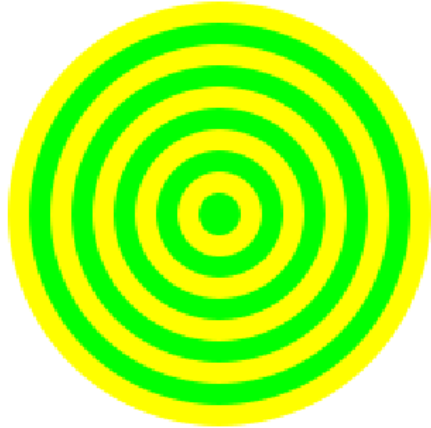
Task 5: Channeling Frank Stella:

Demo of Stella Circle:

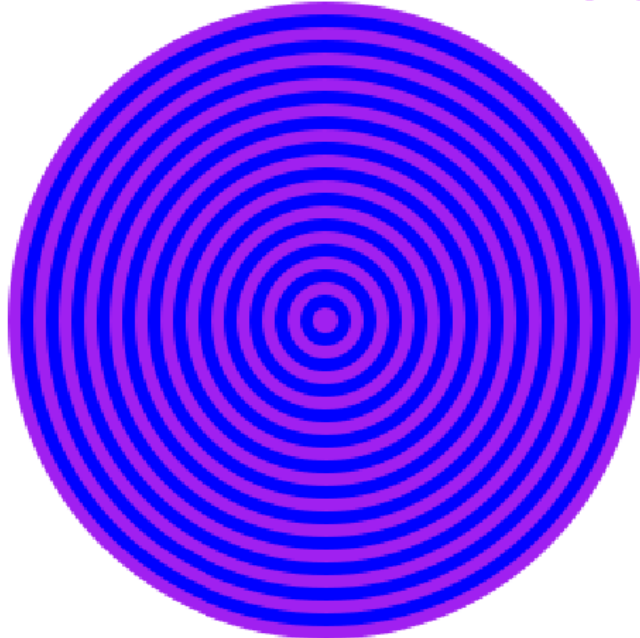
Welcome to [DrRacket](#), version 8.6 [cs].

Language: racket, with debugging; memory limit: 128 MB.

```
> ( nested-circles 100 10 "yellow" "green" )
```



```
> ( nested-circles 150 25 "blue" "purple" )
```



Code for Stella Circle:

```
#lang racket
( require 2htdp/image )
( define ( nested-circles side count color1 color2 )
  ( define delta ( / side count ) )
  ( paint-nested-circles 1 count delta color1 color2 )
)
( define ( paint-nested-circles from to delta color1 color2 )
  ( define radius ( * from delta ) )
  ( cond
    ( ( = from to )
      ( if ( even? from )
        ( circle radius "solid" color1 )
        ( circle radius "solid" color2 )
      )
    )
    ( ( < from to )
      ( if ( even? from )
        ( overlay
          ( circle radius "solid" color1 )
          ( paint-nested-circles ( + from 1 ) to delta color1 color2 )
        )
        ( overlay
          ( circle radius "solid" color2 )
          ( paint-nested-circles ( + from 1 ) to delta color1 color2 )
        )
      )
    )
  )
)
```

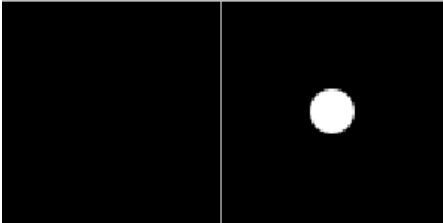
Task 6: Domino:

Demo for Dominos:

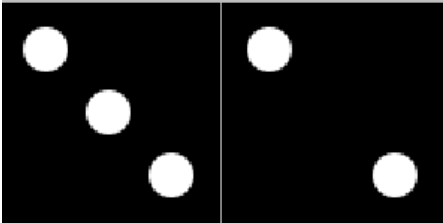
Welcome to [DrRacket](#), version 8.6 [cs].

Language: [racket](#), with [debugging](#); memory limit: 128 MB.

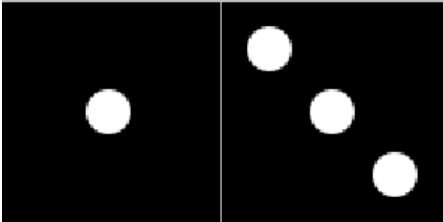
```
> ( domino 0 1 )
```



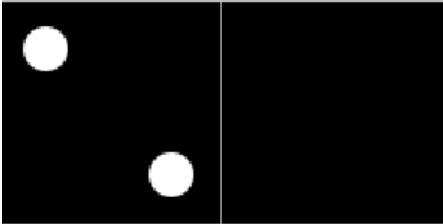
```
> ( domino 3 2 )
```



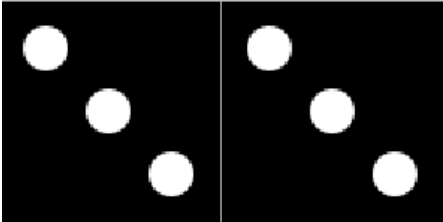
```
> ( domino 1 3 )
```



```
> ( domino 2 0 )
```



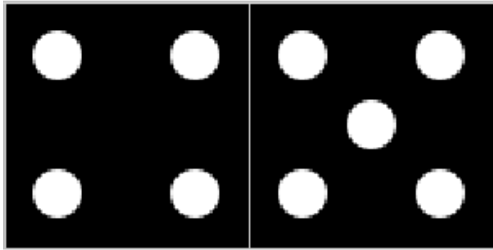
```
> ( domino 3 3 )
```



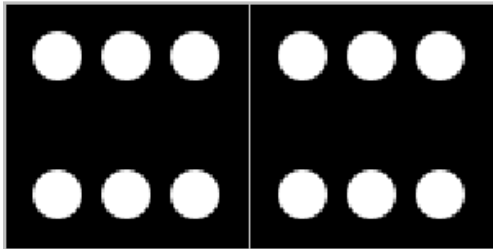
```
> |
```



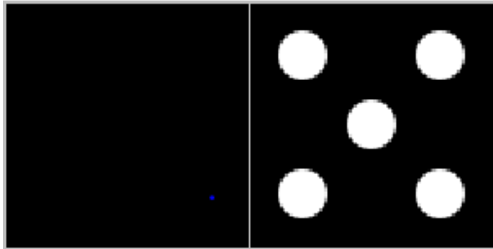
```
> ( domino 4 5 )
```



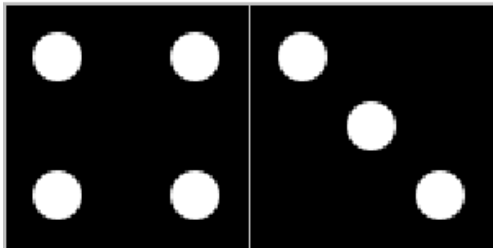
```
> ( domino 6 6 )
```



```
> ( domino 0 5 )
```



```
> ( domino 4 3 )
```



```
> |
```

Code for Dominos:

```
#lang racket
( require 2htdp/image )

( define side-of-tile 100 )
( define diameter-of-pip ( * side-of-tile 0.2 ) )
( define radius-of-pip ( / diameter-of-pip 2 ) )

( define d ( * diameter-of-pip 1.4 ) )
( define nd ( * -1 d ) )

( define blank-tile ( square side-of-tile "solid" "black" ) )
( define ( pip ) ( circle radius-of-pip "solid" "white" ) )

( define basic-tile1 ( overlay ( pip ) blank-tile ) )
( define basic-tile2
  ( overlay/offset ( pip ) d d
    ( overlay/offset ( pip ) nd nd blank-tile)
  )
)

( define basic-tile3 ( overlay ( pip ) basic-tile2 ) )
( define basic-tile4
  ( overlay/offset ( pip ) d d
    ( overlay/offset ( pip ) d nd
      ( overlay/offset ( pip ) nd d
        ( overlay/offset ( pip ) nd nd blank-tile) ) ) )
  )
)

( define basic-tile5 ( overlay ( pip ) basic-tile4 ) )
( define basic-tile6
  ( overlay/offset ( pip ) 0 d
    ( overlay/offset ( pip ) 0 nd basic-tile4 ) )
  )
)

( define frame ( square side-of-tile "outline" "gray" ) )
( define tile0 ( overlay frame blank-tile ) )
( define tile1 ( overlay frame basic-tile1 ) )
( define tile2 ( overlay frame basic-tile2 ) )
( define tile3 ( overlay frame basic-tile3 ) )
( define tile4 ( overlay frame basic-tile4 ) )
( define tile5 ( overlay frame basic-tile5 ) )
( define tile6 ( overlay frame basic-tile6 ) )

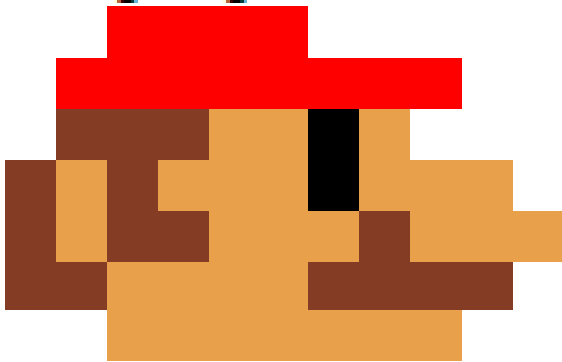
( define ( domino a b )
  ( beside ( tile a ) ( tile b ) )
)

( define ( tile x )
  ( cond
    ( ( = x 0 ) tile0 )
    ( ( = x 1 ) tile1 )
    ( ( = x 2 ) tile2 )
    ( ( = x 3 ) tile3 )
    ( ( = x 4 ) tile4 )
    ( ( = x 5 ) tile5 )
    ( ( = x 6 ) tile6 )
  )
)
)
```

Task 7: Creation

Creation (image)(Mario Head):

Welcome to [DrRacket](#), version
Language: racket, with debug



>

Creation (code):

```
#lang racket

( require 2htdp/image )

(overlay/xy(overlay/xy(overlay/xy(overlay/xy
  (overlay/xy (overlay/xy( rectangle 70 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74) )
    -20
    -10
    ( beside(rectangle 20 10 "solid" "brown")
      (rectangle 40 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
      (rectangle 40 10 "solid" "brown")
    ))
    0
    -10
    (beside(rectangle 10 10 "solid" "brown")
      (rectangle 10 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
      (rectangle 20 10 "solid" "brown")
      (rectangle 30 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
      (rectangle 10 10 "solid" "brown")
      (rectangle 30 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
    ))
    0
    -10
    (beside(rectangle 10 10 "solid" "brown")
      (rectangle 10 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
      (rectangle 10 10 "solid" "brown")
      (rectangle 30 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
      (rectangle 10 10 "solid" "black")
      (rectangle 30 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
    ))
    10
    -10
    |
    (beside(rectangle 30 10 "solid" "brown")
      (rectangle 20 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
      (rectangle 10 10 "solid" "black")
      (rectangle 10 10 "solid" ( make-color 233 160 74))
    ))
    10
    -10
    (rectangle 80 10 "solid" "red")
  )
  20
  -10
  (rectangle 40 10 "solid" "red")
)
```