

## Elliptical PDE Problem : Laplace Equation

Determine the steady-state 2-dimensional heat distribution in a thin metal plate using Central Differences Method and Jacobi iteration.

Inner region:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}(x, y) + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}(x, y) = 0$$

$$0 < x < 0.5, 0 < y < 0.5$$

Boundary conditions:

Two adjacent boundaries are held at a constant  $0^\circ$  Celsius. The heat on the other two adjacent boundaries is also held constant, and increases linearly from  $0^\circ$  to a maximum of  $100^\circ$  (where the two edges meet).

Grid:

$$n = m = 4.$$

Run program with different tolerances. Approximate the solution to a minimum tolerance of  $1 \times 10^{-10}$ .

For each tolerance used: output the tolerance value, the number of iterations to achieve convergence, and the resulting temperatures.

Make your program general enough so that it will still work when the value of  $n$  ( $m$ ) is changed.

Hint: use `DecimalFormat` for "pretty printing" the resulting temperatures.

Extra credit:

1. Make it a Swing application, displaying the temperatures for each iteration.
2. Provide a GUI interface where the user can specify, for each simulation, the following parameters:
  - The constant (low) temperature on the two adjacent boundaries
  - the low and high heat temperatures on the other two adjacent boundaries
  - the length of  $x$  ( $=y$ )
  - the grid size  $n$  ( $=m$ ).