## Csc344 BNF Assignment

## What's It All About?

This assignment is all about BNF. You will be asked to compose some BNF grammars for given languages. You will be ask to draw some BNF parse trees. You will be asked to describe BNF in English, in a straightforward, compelling manner.

## Big picture task - Document Compilation/Posting

Craft a nicely structured document that contains:

1. A nice title, indicating that this is your first problem set assignment, and that it focusses on BNF.
2. A nice learning abstract, which artfully says something about what you will be doing in this problem set, and what you will be learning in this problem set.
3. A section that provides your BNF grammar for Problem 1
4. A section that provides your BNF grammar for Problem 2
5. A section that provides your BNF grammar for Problem 3
6. A section that provides your BNF grammar for Problem 4
7. A section that provides your BNF grammar for Problem 5
8. A section that provides your BNF grammar for Problem 6

Post your document to you web work site.

## Due Date

Please complete your work on this assignment, and post your work to your web work site, by Friday, February 11, 2022.

## Problem 1 - RB4B

## The Language

Consider the language RB4B which consists of the set of all strings of one or more occurrences of the following parenthesized sequences of dots and dashes and plusses, which ends with either ( - ) or ( . + ):

- ( - )
- ( - - )
- ( - . . )
- ( . - . )
- ( . . - )
- ( . + )

For example, the following are sentences in this language:

1. ( - )
2. ( . + )
3. ( . . - ) ( . - . ) ( . . - ) ( - )
4. $(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(.+)$

## Tasks

1. Write a BNF grammar description of the RB4B language.
2. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: ( - )
3. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence:

$$
(. \quad . \quad-)(. \quad . \quad-)(. \quad+)(. \quad-. \quad)(. \quad+)
$$

## Problem 2 - SQN (Special Quaternary Numbers)

## The Language

Consider the language SQN which consists of the set of all quaternary numbers with no leading zeros, and with no two adjacent occurrences of the same quaternary digit:

For example, the following are sentences in this language:

1. 0
2. 123012301230
3. 10121320212303132

The following strings, for example, are not sentences in this language:

1. 1233
2. 010
3. 12322221

## Tasks

1. Write a BNF grammar description of the SQN language.
2. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: 0
3. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: 132
4. Explain, in precise terms, why you cannot draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the string: 1223

## Problem 3-IR123

## The Language

Consider the language IR123 which consists of the set of all strings of one or more occurences of the following bracketed sequences of letters, subject to the constraint that there are no two adjacent occurrences of the same bracketed sequence:

- [ C ]
- [ D C ]
- $\left[\begin{array}{ll}\text { B C }\end{array}\right]$
- [ E D C ]
- [ F E C ]
- [ G F C ]

For example, the following are sentences in this language:

1. [ C ]
2. [ C ] [ E D C ] [ F E C ] [ B C ]
3. [ D C ] [ B C ] [ D C ] [ B C ] [ D C ] [ G F C ] [F E C ] [E D C ] [ C ]

And, for example, the following are not sentences in this language:

1. [ C ] [ C ]
2. [ E D C ] [ F E C ] [FEC][C]

## Tasks

1. Write a BNF grammar description of the IR123 language.
2. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: [ B C ]
3. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence:
[ C ] [ E D C ] [ F E C ] [ B C ]
4. Explain, in precise terms, why you cannot draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the string:
[ D C ] [ B C ] [ B C ] [ C ]

## Problem 4-BXR

## The Language

Consider language BXR to be the set of Boolean valued expressions in Racket which are composed of the constants \#t and \#f and just the operators and, or and not. Here is a short Racket session that provides examples of BXN sentences:

## Welcome to DrRacket, version 8.1 [cs].

Language: racket, with debugging; memory limit: 128 MB.

```
> ( and #t ( not #f ) ( or ( not #t ) #f #t #f #t ) )
```

\#t
> ( or ( and \#t \#t \#t ) ( or \#f \#f \#t ) )
\#t
> \#f
\#f
> \#t
\#t
> ( and \#f )
\#f
> ( or \#t )
\#t
> ( and )
\#t
> (or)
\#f
> ( not )
not: arity mismatch;
the expected number of arguments does not match the given number
expected: 1
given: 0
> ( not \#t )
\#f
> ( not \#f \#f )
not: arity mismatch;
the expected number of arguments does not match the given number
expected: 1
given: 2
$>$

1. Write a BNF grammar description of this language.
2. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: ( or \#t )
3. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: ( and ( not \#t ) \#f )

## Problem 5-CF (Color Fun)

## The Language

Please consider CF to be a pseudonym for a little language called "Color Fun". The full language can readily be inferred from the following demo by just looking at the lines beginning with the question mark prompt, and imagining reasonable generalizations in terms of RGB values. All of the sentences of CF are represented, at least suggestively, in the demo.

```
Welcome to DrRacket, version }8.1\mathrm{ [cs].
Language: racket, with debugging; memory limit: 128 MB.
> ( cf )
? add ( 255 0 0 ) red
? add ( 255 0 0 100 ) light-red
? colors
light-red red
? show red
? show light-red
? describe red
( 255 0 0 255 )
? describe light-red
( 255 0 0 100 )
? add color c1
? add color c2
? add color c3
? colors
c3 c2 c1 light-red red
? show c1
? show c2
? show c3
? describe c1
( 60 66 228 11 )
? describe c2
( 132 41 143 164 )
? describe c3
( 91 230 141 116 )
? add ( 100 150 200 ) c4
? colors
c4 c3 c2 c1 light-red red
? show c4
? exit
Goodbye ...
> |
```


## Tasks

1. Write a BNF grammar description of this language.
2. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: colors
3. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: show purple
4. Draw a parse tree, consistent with the BNF grammar that you crafted, for the following sentence: add ( 100220170 ) favorite-color

## Problem 6-BNF?

Imagine that a freshman computer science major asks you the question: "What is BNF?" Please write an answer, in natural language (English, please), without examples, in a manner that you believe will serve to meaningfully inform the student about the nature and significance of BNF. Please do so in no more than 100 words.

